The North American and Northeastern US Natural Gas Markets

A Wood Mackenzie Presentation

NECPUC 2012

May 22, 2012







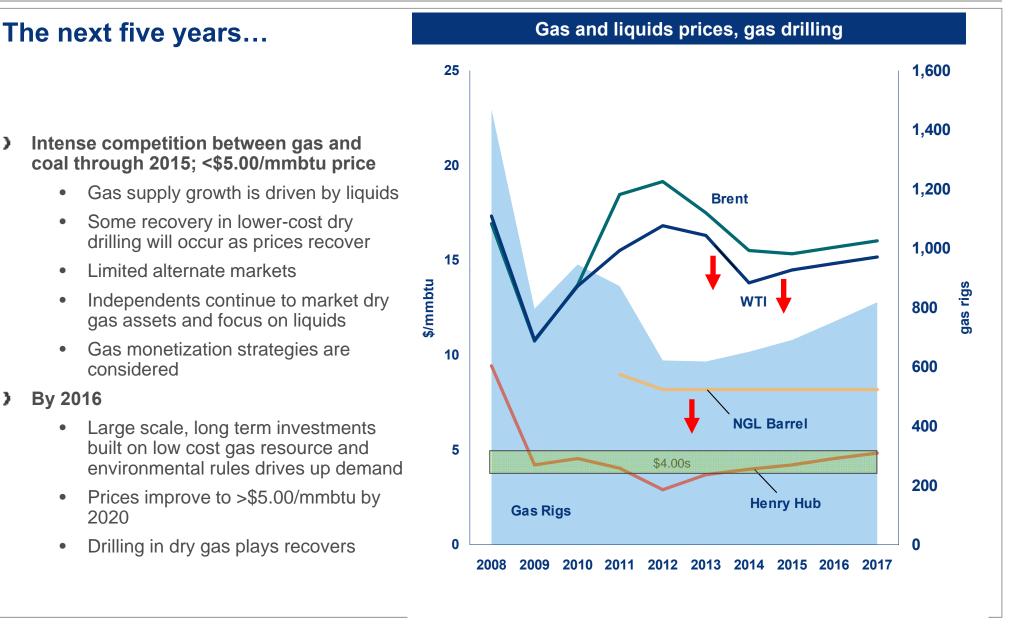
Near-term North American Gas Markets: Not What They Seem

- **>** Current prices are *NO* indicator of long-term value, or cost of natural gas.
 - The current situation has resulted from a coincidental production high and demand low; both factors will reverse
- > But the intense competition between gas and coal will last several years
 - Rising Gas prices will reflect the shift as gas will *lose* coal displacement demand, indicating less gas to meet displacement demand
 - Limited volatility, as displacement demand elasticity remains strong
- **)** Longer Term gas prices are defined by the marginal cost of production
 - Not \$4 or even \$5, but...\$5.50 \$6.00; this is still indicative of a well-supplied commodity market



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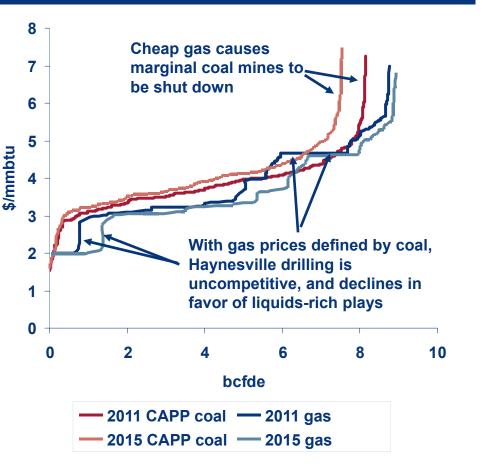


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The next few years will bring broader reconciliation in gas and coal markets

- CAPP producers have announced production cuts of 26 mst, with more to come
- > Utilities are aggressively pushing back on coal contracts
 - Big Rivers renegotiated its contract with Patriot and Oxford, citing coal quality shortfalls
 - Dynegy using Danskammer bankruptcy to terminate expensive coal contract
 - Xinergy had a customer buy out an expensive coal contract
 - Duke Energy is bidding below cost power into MISO to manage inventories



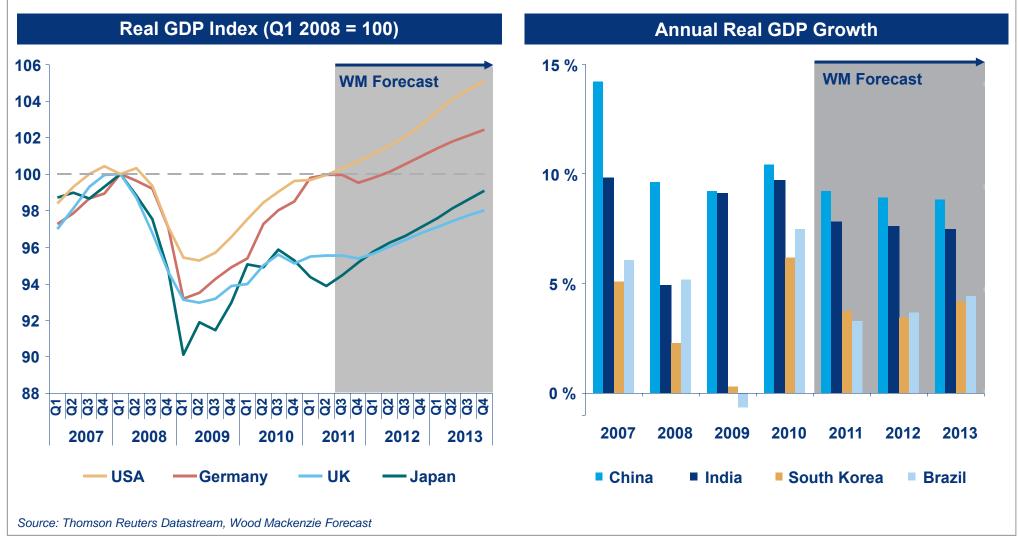
CAPP (adj.) and gas supply curves

Source: Wood Mackenzie (NA Gas Tool, Coal Market Service)

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The US economy is recovering, but not quickly enough for gas and coal producers...





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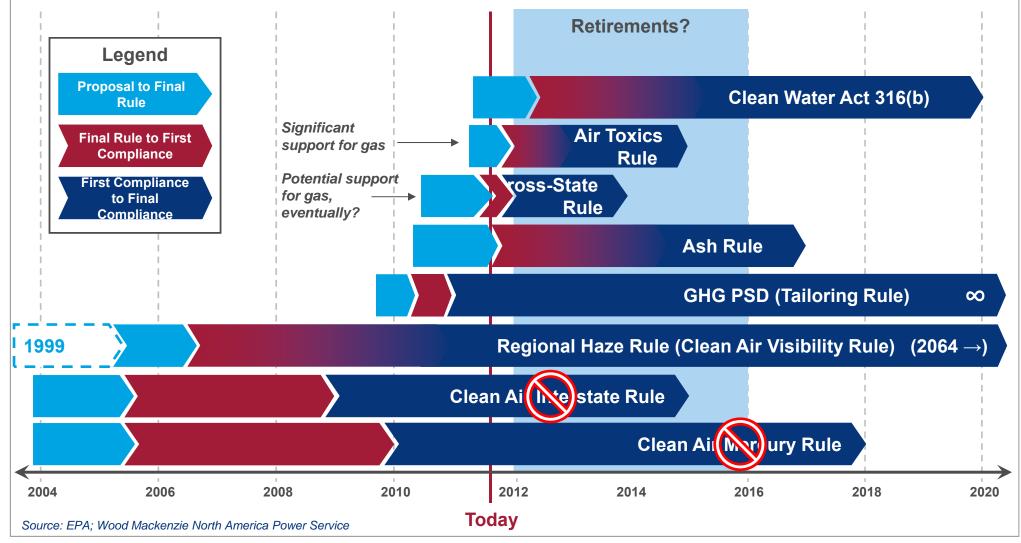
Longer Term – Coal, then Cost







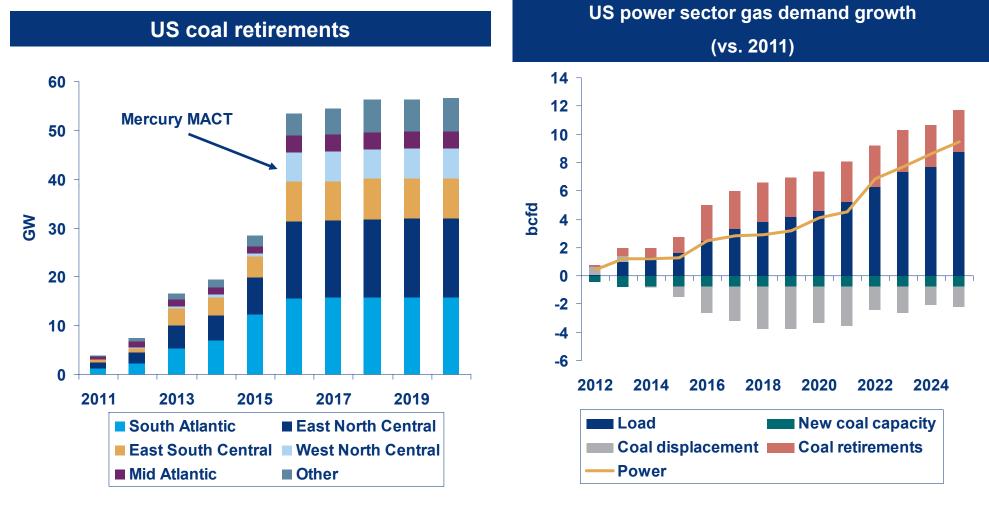
Federal Regulation, Demand Side: Longer term, environmental uncertainties and moderate prices support demand growth





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Accelerating coal plant retirements will offset declines in displacement as gas prices rise slightly relative to coal prices



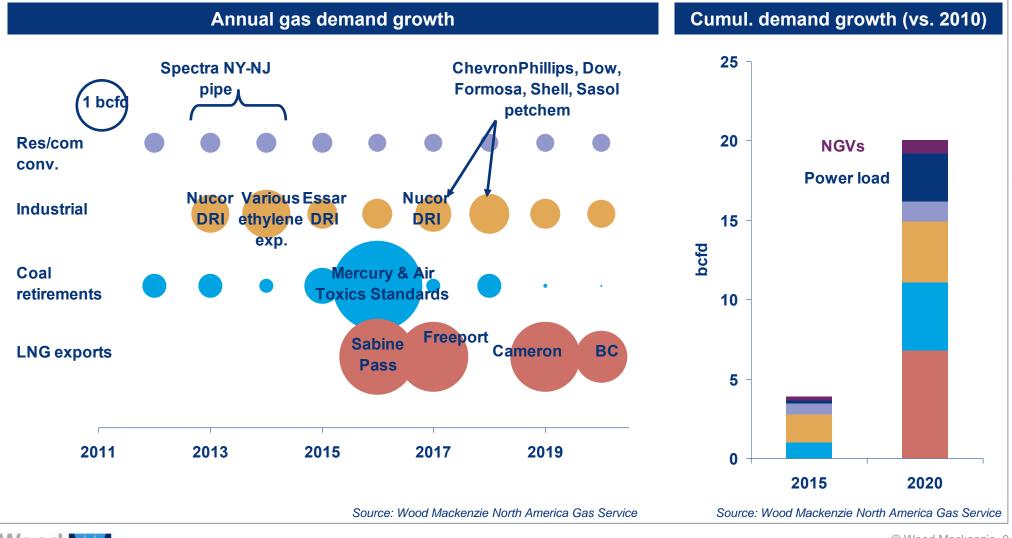
Source: Wood Mackenzie (NAPS, Coal Markets Service)

Source: Wood Mackenzie (NAGS, NAPS, Coal Markets Service)

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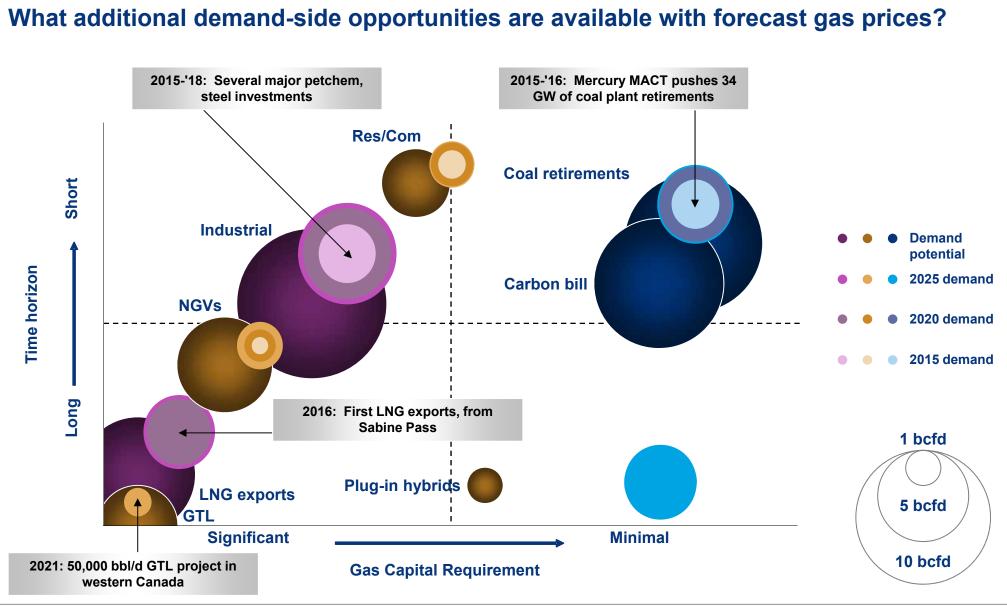
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Demand-side investments are underway—but generally will take several years to materialize





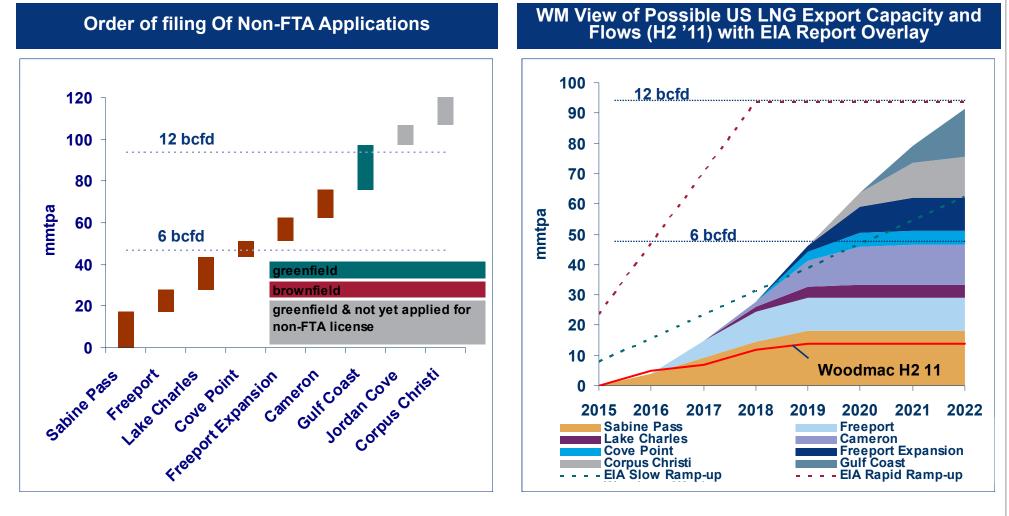
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There is no real consensus (yet) on the likely volume and ramp-up of US LNG exports



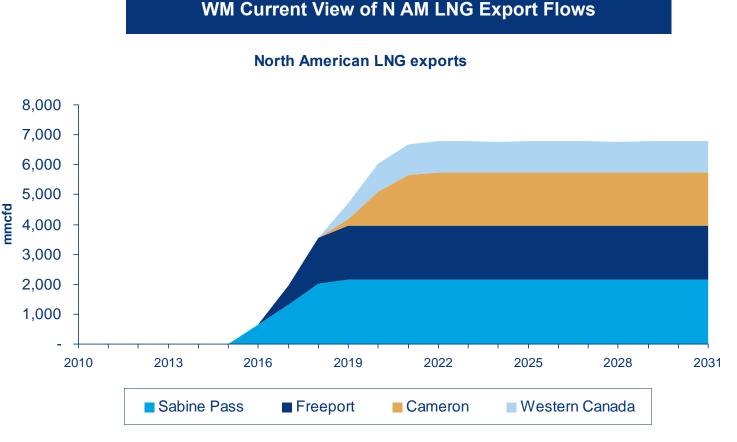
Source: DOE Filings, EIA, Wood Mackenzie Estimates



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The current Wood Mackenzie View...4 NA Export Facilities; a 6-year Ramp-up to 6.8 Bcfd

- Reflects political and market constraints
 - US approvals to a point; so long as gas is inexpensive
 - Longer term, increased Asian supply options
 - Our view is closest to EIA's "Slow Ramp" view
- Impact on gas prices are likely to be limited (<\$1.00)
- Canadian and Alaska LNG exports provide another "wild-card"



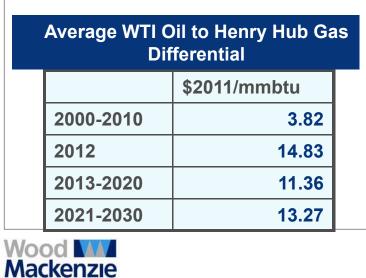
Source: Wood Mackenzie Estimates

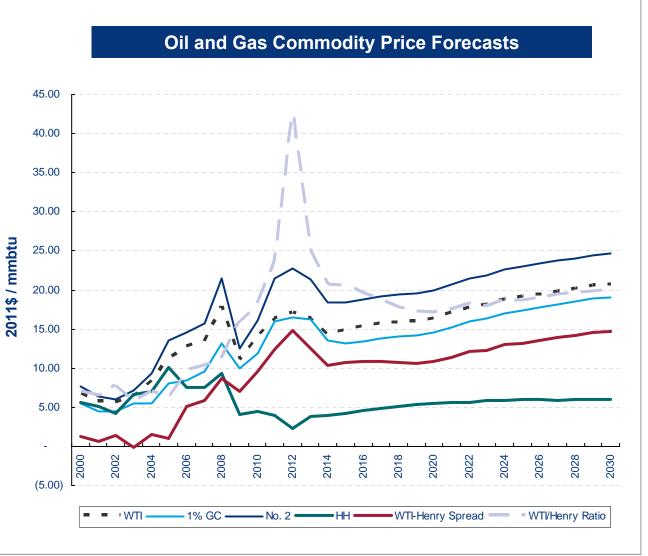


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Will Oil and Natural Gas Ever Get Together Again in North America? Unlikely

- > Average price WTI Crude Oil:
 - 2011-15: \$92.11
 - 2016-20: \$97.60
- > Plentiful exploration and reservoir performance risk in this oil outlook longer term, in contrast to US gas.
- > Avg Henry Hub (real):
 - 2012: \$2.68
 - 2013-15: \$4.01
 - 2016-20: \$5.10
 - 2021-30: \$5.88





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The Northeastern US – Major Shifts in Store

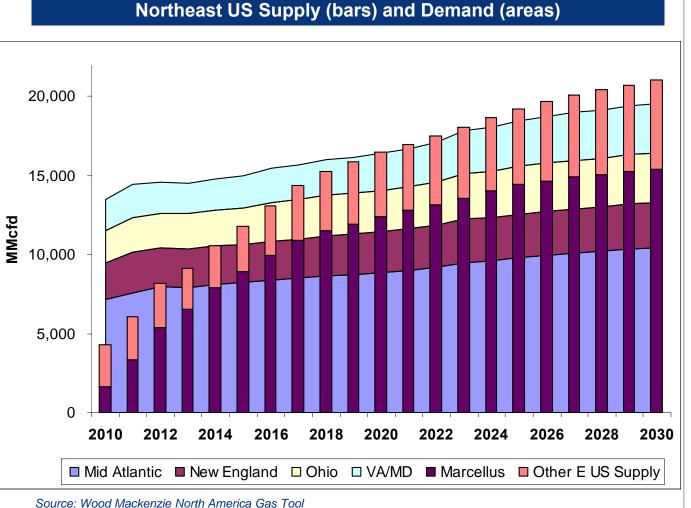






Northeast US Supply and Demand – No Need for Massive Backhauls(?)

- Many analyses showing long-distance backhauls ignore the size of the Ohio and VA/MD markets.
- Or, they may overstate potential regional production.
- While production grows by ~17 Bcfd, demand grows by 6 Bcfd.
- The need for backhauls does arise after 2020, and reaches ~ 1.5 Bcfd.
- > The Southeast proves the most attractive market for these excess supplies.



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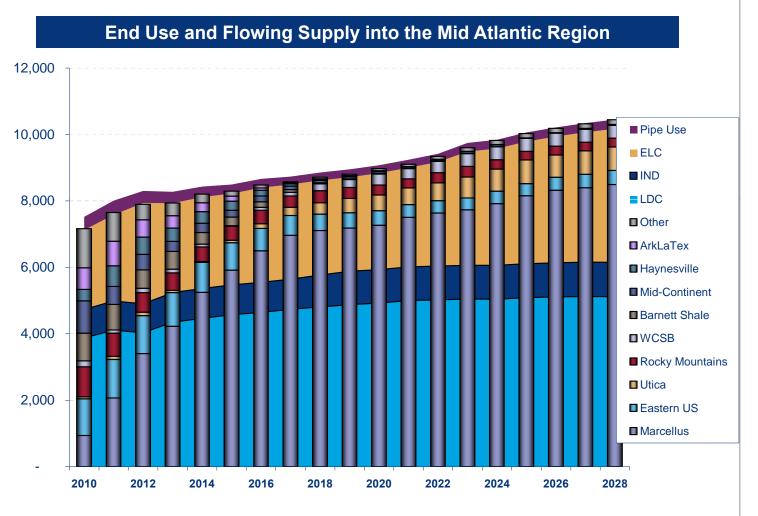


The Result – The Marcellus and Other Regional Supplies Physically Back Everything Else Out

- Demand = areas (Res/com, Ind, Elec)
- > Supply = bars
- The Marcellus exceeds 80% of Mid Atlantic end use demand by 2017, and maintains an 80-85% share thereafter.

MMCFD

The remnant is from the Utica, other eastern supplies (Appalachia), the WCSB, and some residual Rockies volume.

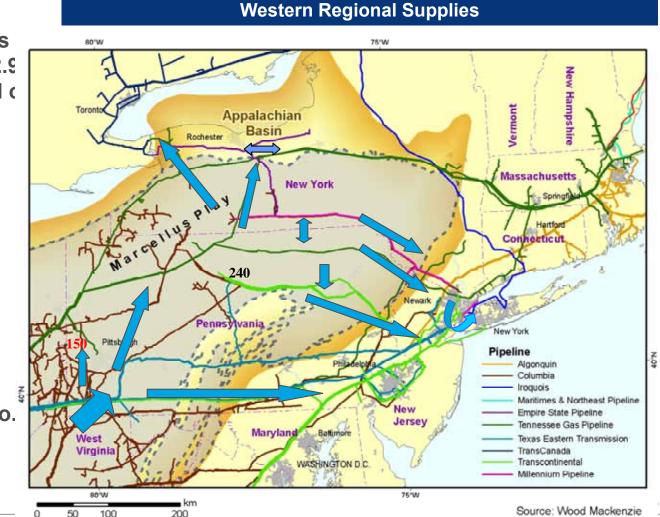




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Marcellus-driven Pipeline Capacity Additions: Reflecting the SW and NE Play Area Developments 2012 and 2013

- In addition to 2.9 Bcfd of gathering and pipe completions in 2011, 2012 will see another 2.9 Bcfd of gathering, and 2.3 Bcfd of pipeline capacity.
- These completions will enable another supply increase late 2012.
- > 2013: 1.9 Bcfd of pipe completions.
- Few completions truly access new markets; most allow for displacement of long-hauls.
- Additional displacement is available, especially on Transco.



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Wood Mackenzie – Who we are...







Who is Wood Mackenzie?

Wood Mackenzie is a leading content, analytics and consulting business operating in the global energy and metals industries.

It is a knowledge-based business headquartered in Edinburgh with global reach and a trusted world-class brand synonymous with quality.

The company is a premier supplier of 'must have' research and knowledge-based consulting to clients in every major company in the energy and metals industries, as well as leading financial services organisations, governments and government agencies across the globe.



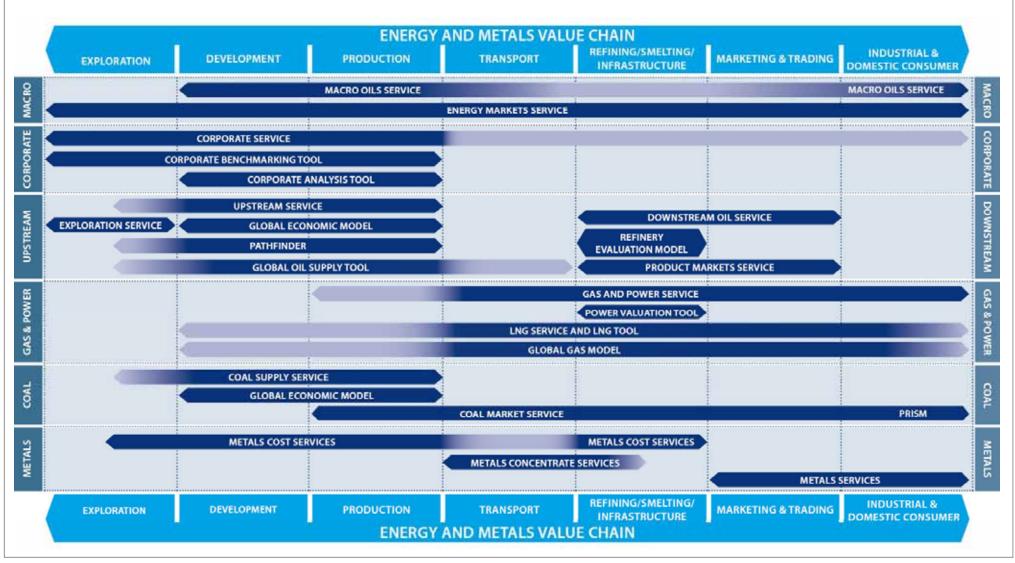
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History & Key Milestones Competitive Advantage Built Over 30 Years

- **)** 1844: Wood Mackenzie founded as Edinburgh-based stockbroking firm
- > 1970s: Wood Mackenzie developed into a top-rated institutional broker, with particular emphasis on high quality research and recognised in financial centres across UK, Europe and US
- > 1973: North Sea Service, Wood Mackenzie's first industry research offering, was launched
- **)** 1980s: Commenced provision of consulting services
- **)** 1981: Entered Life Sciences market
- > 1986: Wood Mackenzie purchased by Hill Samuel, the UK merchant bank, with successive ownership by NatWest and Bankers Trust
- **)** 1999: Bankers Trust (including Wood Mackenzie) purchased by Deutsche Bank
- > 2001: Buy-out from Deutsche Bank by management, employees and Bank of Scotland
- **2005:** Refinancing deal, involving Candover (a leading European private equity house)
- > 2007: Secondary investment by Candover, Creation of coal team by acquisitions of Hill & Associates and Barlow Jonker and divestment of Life Sciences division
- **)** 2008: Acquisition of Brook Hunt

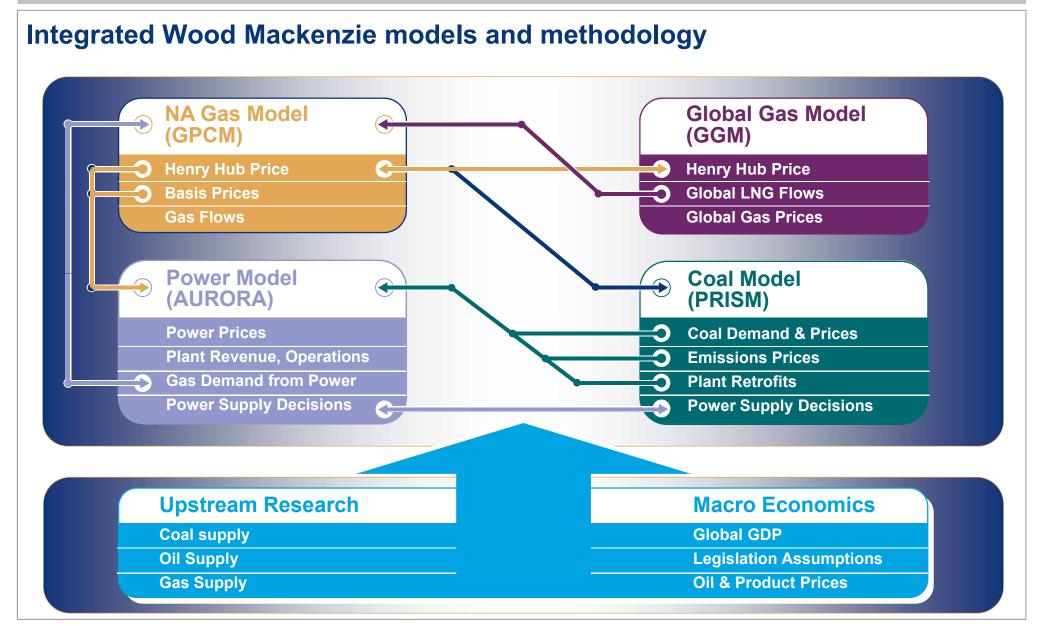


Research Coverage Across The Value Chain





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